

Amendments to the Abstract

Please **amend** the Abstract to read.

-- The switched-mode power supply has a transformer (~~T1~~) which contains a primary winding (~~W1~~) and at least one secondary winding (~~W2—W6~~), a switching transistor (~~Q1~~) in series with the primary winding, a driver stage (~~DR~~) for controlling the switching transistor (~~Q1~~), and a control circuit for controlling an output voltage (~~U3—U5~~). The control circuit in this case contains an oscillator which can be adjusted via a connection (~~4~~) and is coupled to a secondary winding (~~W6~~) in order to determine the time at which the switching transistor is switched on. A switching stage (~~T1, T2~~) is, in particular, arranged between the connection (~~4~~) and the secondary winding (~~W6~~) and passes on a supply voltage (~~V_{Ref}~~) to the connection (~~4~~) when a sudden voltage change occurs on the secondary winding (~~W6~~) at the time of an oscillation. In consequence, the switching transistor is switched on at a time at which the losses when switched on are low, thus considerably reducing the losses which occur in the switching transistor.

Figure 2 --